

7 - ELECTRICAL FEATURES

7.1 - Solenoids

These are essentially made up of two parts: tube and coil. The tube is threaded into the valve body and includes the armature that moves immersed in oil, without wear. The inner part, in contact with the oil in the return line, ensures heat dissipation.

The coil is fastened to the tube by a threaded ring, and can be rotated, to suit the available space.

Protection from atmospheric agents IEC 60529

The IP protection degree is guaranteed only with both valve and connectors correctly connected and installed.

connection type	electric connection protection	whole valve protection
K1 DIN 43650	IP65	IP65
K7 DEUTSCH DT04 male	IP65/IP67/IP69 IP69K (*)	

(*) The IP69K protection degree is not taken into account in IEC 60529 but it is included in ISO 20653.

VOLTAGE SUPPLY FLUCTUATION	± 10% Vnom
MAX SWITCH ON FREQUENCY	15.000 ins/hr
DUTY CYCLE	100%
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) (NOTE 1)	In compliance with 2014/30/EU
LOW VOLTAGE	In compliance with 2014/35/EU
CLASS OF PROTECTION: Coil insulation (VDE 0580) Impregnation:	class H class F

NOTE 1: In order to further reduce the emissions, use of type H connectors is recommended. These prevent voltage peaks on opening of the coil supply electrical circuit (see catalogue 49 000).

7.2 - Current and absorbed power for DC solenoid valve

The table shows current and power consumption values relevant to the coil types for DC.

Using connectors type "D" (see cat. 49 000) with embedded bridge rectifier it is possible to feed DC coils (starting from 110V voltage) with alternating current (50 or 60 Hz).

However, when supplying the valve with rectified current, it is necessary to consider a reduction of the operating limits by 15-20% approx.

Coils for direct current (values ± 5%)

Suffix	Nominal voltage [V]	Resistance at 20°C [Ω]	Current consumpt. [A]	Power consumpt. [W]	Coil code	
					K1	K7
D12	12	3,2	3,75	45	1903550	
D24	24	12	2	48	1903551	1903221
D110	110	250	0,44	48	1903554	
D220	220	1050	0,21	47	1903555	

7.3 - Current and absorbed power for AC solenoid valve

The table shows current and power consumption values at inrush and at holding, relevant to the different coil types for AC current.

Coils for alternating current (values ± 5%)

Suffix	Nominal voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Resistance at 20°C [ohm]	Current consumption at inrush [A]	Current consumption at holding [A]	Power consumption at inrush [VA]	Power consumption at holding [VA]	Coil code
A24	24	50	0,53	25	3,96	600	95	1902890
A48	48		2,09	12,5	2,3	600	110	1902891
A110	110V-50Hz	50/60	10,9	5,2	0,96	572	105	1902892
	120V-60Hz		10,9	5,2	0,89	572	105	
A230	230V-50Hz		52,7	2,8	0,46	644	105	1902893
	240V-60Hz		52,7	2,8	0,38	644	105	
F110	110	60	8,80	5,2	0,95	572	105	1902894
F220	220		35,2	2,7	0,48	594	105	1902895